



Anguilla Government Statistics Department

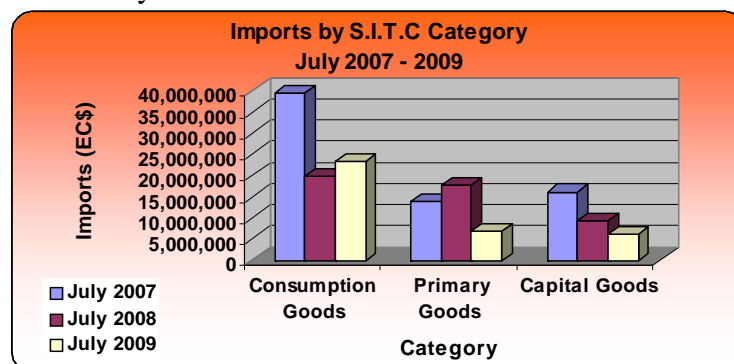
International Merchandise Trade Statistics Summary – July 2009

OVERVIEW

Imports for July 2009 totalled EC\$36.6 million, a 21.8% decrease from the corresponding 2008 July value of EC\$46.8 million. Imports for the year up to the month of July totalled EC\$283.7 million.

During July 2009, two of the S.I.T.C¹ categories experienced a decrease and there was an increase in one category; with the largest decrease over its corresponding 2008 figure in imports of 60.7% in the Primary Goods category followed by 32.3% in the Capital Goods category. The sole increase in imports was experienced by the Consumption Goods category which increased by 17.7% over its corresponding 2008 figure.

Consumption, Primary and Capital Goods contributed 63.8%, 18.9% and 17.3% respectively to the total import bill for July 2009.



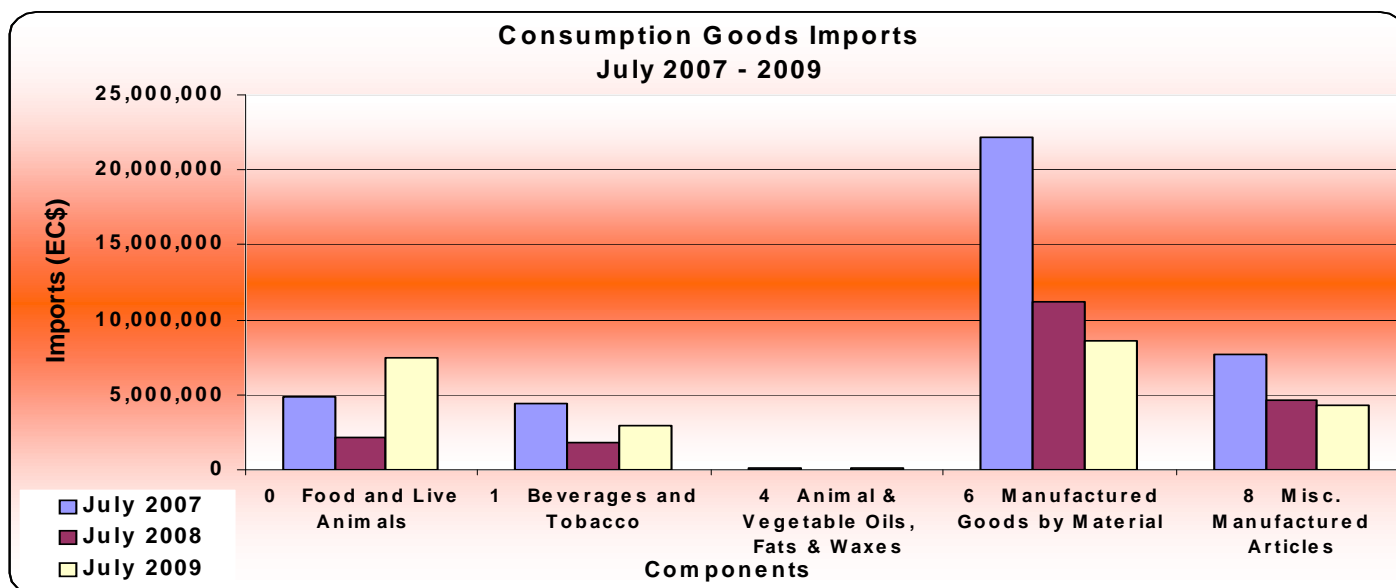
¹ Standard Industrial Trade Classification

CONSUMPTION GOODS

Consumption Goods accounted for EC\$23.3 million, of the total imports, a 17.7% increase over the EC\$19.8 million in July 2008. There were declines in two of the five components in this category. The main contributors within this category with the largest contribution were Manufactured Goods by Materials and Food and Live Animals components, contributing 36.6% and 32.0% respectively to the Consumption Goods category.

The component 'Manufactured Goods by Materials' accounted for EC\$8.6 million, irrespective of its contribution to the category experienced a 23.3% decline from its corresponding July 2008 figure of EC\$11.2 million. This decrease was in part due to the decrease in the import value of items such as blocks, steel, pipe & fitting etc.

Conversely, the 'Food and Live Animals' component experienced the largest increase over its July 2008 figure in this category, more than tripling its 2008 corresponding figure of 7.4 million. Most of the food, detailed to its commodity level in this category experienced increase over their corresponding figures. Frozen meats, vegetables, fruits, cereals, milk etc, all contributed to the increase.



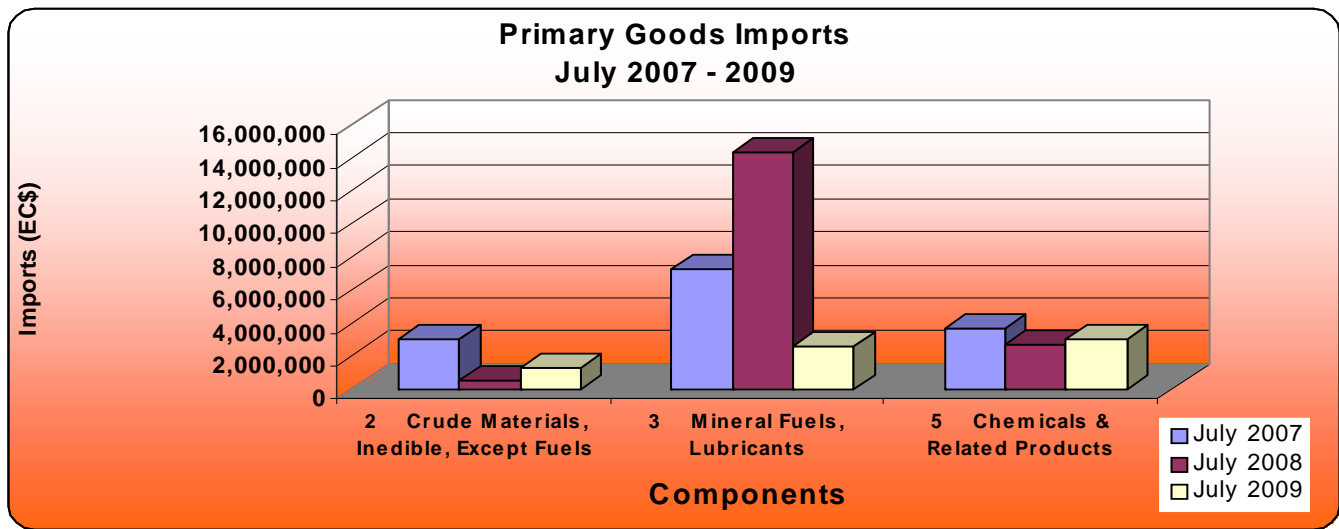
PRIMARY GOODS

Primary Goods accounted for EC\$6.9 million of the total imports; experiencing a decrease over its corresponding 2008 figure of EC\$17.6 million. Of the three components that make up this category, two experienced increases and one experienced a decrease over their corresponding figure.

The Mineral Fuels and Lubricants component dramatically fuelled the 60.7% decrease in the Primary Goods category; experiencing a decrease of 81.8% when compared to its corresponding 2008 figure. This decrease was fuelled mainly by the decreased value of imports of diesel oil, petroleum jelly and propane.

The Chemical & Related Products component contributed the largest import value to the Primary Goods category of EC\$3.0 million, 43.9% of the category with an increase of 11.6% over its corresponding July 2008 figure of EC\$2.7 million.

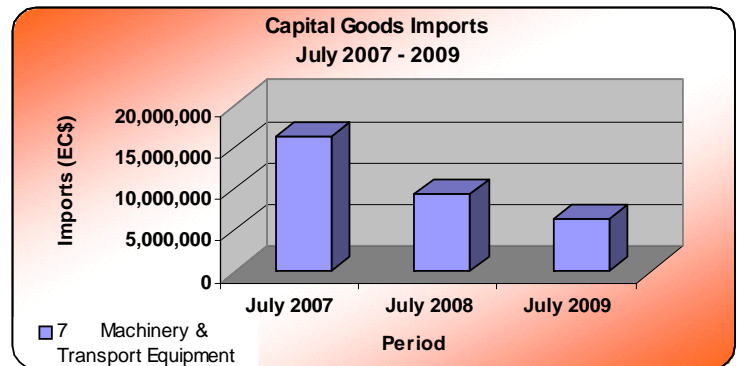
The Crude Material, Inedible, Except Fuels component experienced the largest increase of the two components reporting increases, of EC\$1.3 million, more than doubling its 2008 figure of EC\$0.5 million.



CAPITAL GOODS

Capital Goods accounted for EC\$6.3 million, 17.3% of the total import bill, with Machinery and Transport Equipment being the sole component in this category; experiencing a decrease of 32.3% over its corresponding July 2008 figure.

The decreases in the value of import of household appliances, such as washing machines, refrigerators, air-conditioning units, etc were some of the items contributing to the decrease in this category. The import value on vehicles declined to EC\$0.7 million from its corresponding EC\$2.8 million in 2008.



EXPORTS

Exports which includes re-exports and domestic exports for the month of July were EC\$2.0 million, a 112.8% increase over its July 2008 value of EC\$0.9 million. Domestic exports totaled EC\$1.1 million in July 2009 as compared to EC\$0.6 million in July 2008, a 97.6% increase.

Anguilla's balance of trade for July 2009 was in deficit of EC\$34.6 million, a deficit decrease of 24.5% when compared to the EC\$45.8 million in the same period of 2008.

**Imports by S.I.T.C Categories
July 2006 – 2009**

Category	Description	July 2006	July 2007	July 2008	July 2009	% Change 09/08
Consumption Goods	0 Food and Live Animals	4,133,140	4,874,533	2,129,797	7,448,868	249.7%
	1 Beverages and Tobacco	2,782,623	4,431,971	1,847,688	2,909,652	57.5%
	4 Animal & Vegetable Oils, Fats & Waxes	101,620	130,574	39,232	125,191	219.1%
	6 Manufactured Goods by Material	5,787,870	22,157,136	11,154,183	8,555,926	-23.3%
	8 Misc. Manufactured Articles	2,985,368	7,702,657	4,658,958	4,307,860	-7.5%
	9 Commodities & Transactions NES	0	820	0	943	
	Sub total	15,790,621	39,297,691	19,829,858	23,348,440	17.7%
Primary Goods	2 Crude Materials, Inedible, Except Fuels	1,381,248	2,994,280	538,396	1,268,652	135.6%
	3 Mineral Fuels, Lubricants	3,096,023	7,258,792	14,326,589	2,609,151	-81.8%
	5 Chemicals & Related Products	1,830,315	3,647,796	2,716,404	3,030,476	11.6%
	Sub-Total	6,307,586	13,900,868	17,581,389	6,908,279	-60.7%
Capital Goods	7 Machinery & Transport Equipment	7,773,863	16,151,611	9,348,279	6,330,608	-32.3%
	Total	29,872,070	69,350,170	46,759,526	36,587,327	-21.8%

**International Merchandise Trade Statistics (EC\$)
July 2006 – 2009**

	July 2006	July 2007	July 2008	July 2009	% Change 09/08
IMPORTS	29,872,070	69,350,170	46,759,526	36,587,327	(21.8)
EXPORTS	830,132	994,273	932,089	1,983,060	112.8
BALANCE (E-I)	(29,041,938)	(68,355,897)	(45,827,437)	(34,604,267)	(24.5)

This report along with other Trade Data, are available at the Government of Anguilla Statistics Department's website: <http://gov.ai/statistics/external.htm>

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